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PRISM ISSUES · NOVEMBER 2026

Ebola in the Democratic Republic of the Congo

10,920

Confirmed Ebola cases, Democratic Republic of the Congo, as of 7 November 2026

WHO, Weekly External Situation Report 25, 7 November 2026

5,323

Confirmed deaths among those cases, Democratic Republic of the Congo, 7 November 2026

WHO, Weekly External Situation Report 25, 7 November 2026

67

Health zones with cases in 8 provinces, Ituri and Nord-Kivu most affected, 7 November 2026

WHO, Weekly External Situation Report 25, 7 November 2026

9

Confirmed cases in Kenya on 3 November 2026; Nigeria reported 1 imported case

WHO, Disease Outbreak News, 6 November 2026

Source: PRISM, from the sources each figure names
prismonitor.eu

PRISM
PROTECTION, RISK & IMPACT SEVERITY MONITOR

The Situation, November 2026

The Ebola outbreak caused by Bundibugyo virus in the Democratic Republic of the Congo was declared on 15 May 2026, and it is the largest Ebola disease outbreak ever recorded in the country (WHO, Disease Outbreak News, 6 November 2026). The national seven-day average was 64.7 confirmed cases per day on 7 November, and all of the increase over the last 21 days came from Nord-Kivu (WHO, Situation Report 25). Children make up 28% of confirmed cases and 35% of deaths (UNICEF, 13 November 2026). ACAPS rates access constraints in the country at level 5, the highest on its scale (ACAPS).

Source: given in each sentence; the list is at the end

Cases and Deaths

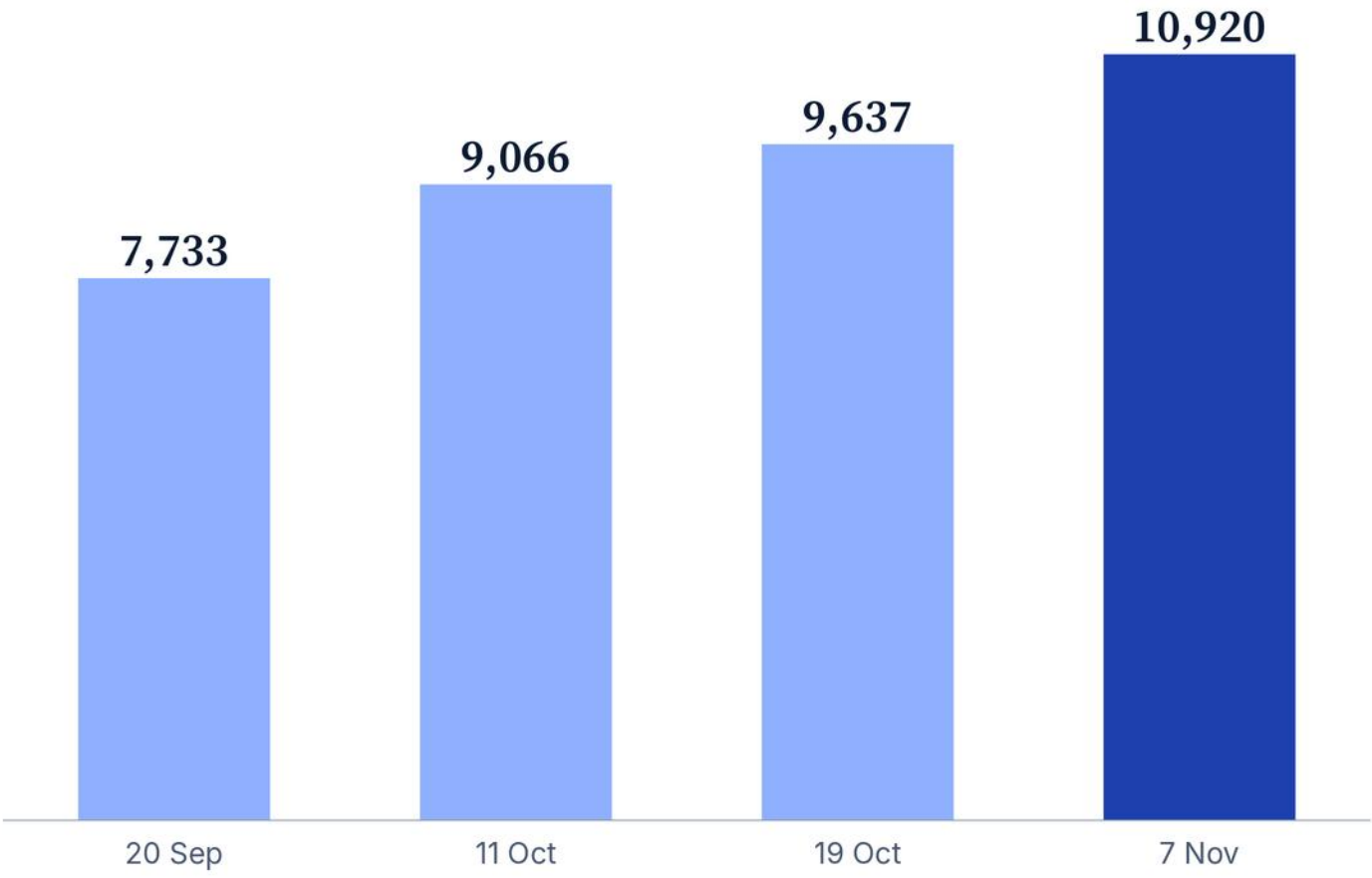
R05 DENIAL OF SERVICES AND ACCESS

- **Confirmed cases.** The Democratic Republic of the Congo had 10,920 confirmed cases, including 5,323 confirmed deaths, on 7 November 2026, against 9,637 cases and 4,646 deaths on 19 October (WHO, Situation Report 25; WHO, Situation Report 23).
- **Newly confirmed.** 388 confirmed cases were added in the Democratic Republic of the Congo in the period to 7 November 2026, after 572 in the period to 19 October (WHO, Situation Reports 25 and 23).
- **Children.** By 4 November 2026, 2,959 children under 18 had been confirmed with Ebola in the Democratic Republic of the Congo, and 1,737 of them had died (UNICEF, 13 November 2026).
- **Contacts.** In Nord-Kivu, 82% of contacts were seen daily over the 14 days to 3 November 2026, against 86% nationally and a 95% target (WHO, Disease Outbreak News, 6 November 2026).

Source: given in each sentence; the list is at the end

Cumulative Confirmed Ebola Cases

Confirmed cases in the Democratic Republic of the Congo at the date of each WHO situation report, September to November 2026



Source: WHO, Weekly External Situation Reports 19, 22, 23 and 25, 24 September to 10 November 2026

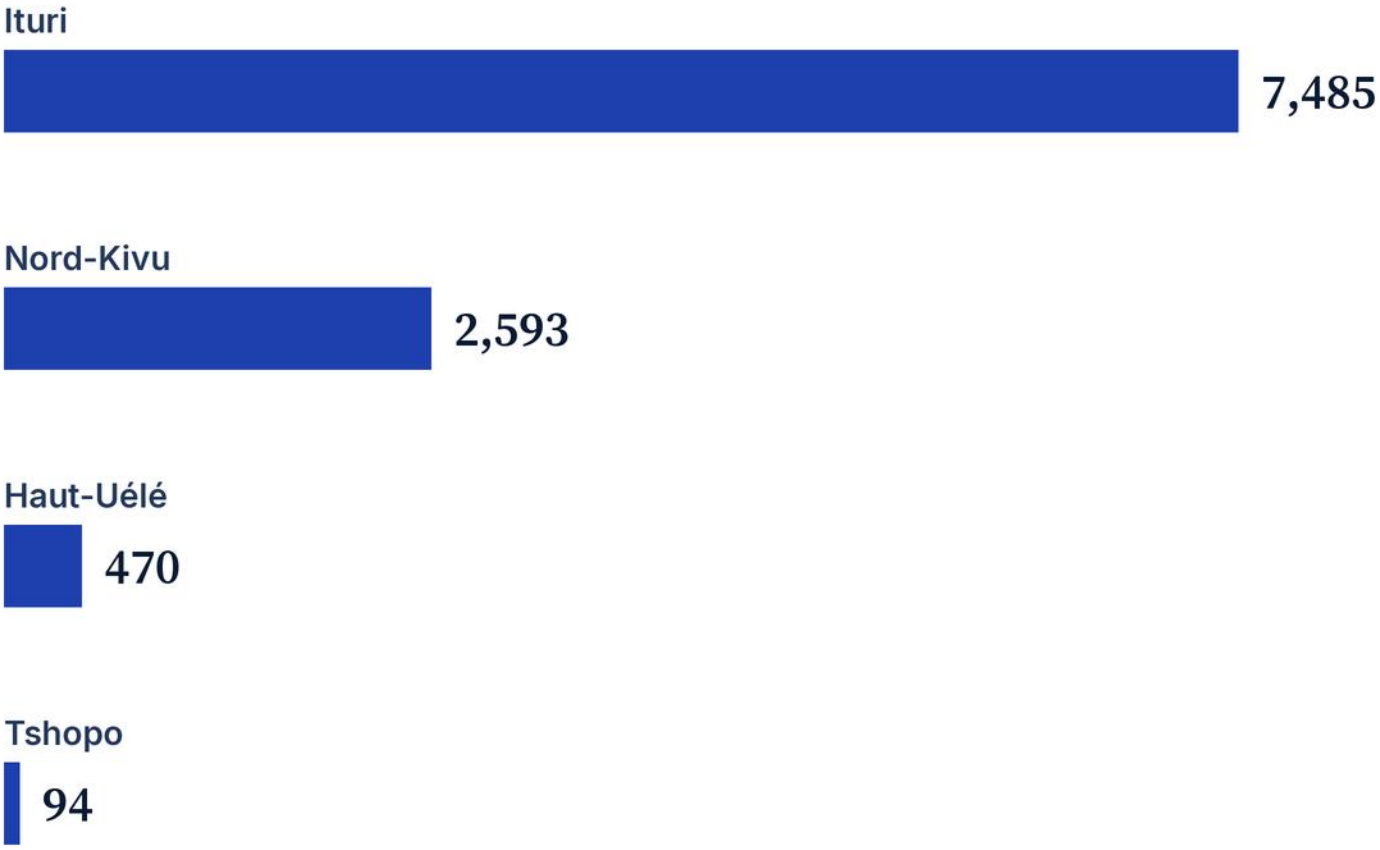
Spread Across Provinces and Borders

- **Health zones.** By 7 November 2026, 67 health zones and 247 health areas in 8 provinces of the Democratic Republic of the Congo had reported cases, and no new health zone was affected that week (WHO, Situation Report 25).
- **Nord-Kivu.** Nord-Kivu accounted for 46.1% of the cases reported in the period to 7 November 2026 and Ituri for 47.2%, and Nord-Kivu's crude case fatality ratio stood at 54.8% (WHO, Situation Report 25).
- **Kenya and Nigeria.** On 3 November 2026, Kenya had 9 confirmed cases, including 2 deaths, and Nigeria had 1 imported case, with no new case in either country since 23 October (WHO, Disease Outbreak News, 6 November 2026).
- **Points of entry.** Travellers were screened 3,149,305 times in the Democratic Republic of the Congo on 2 to 8 November 2026, and 7 deceased persons were intercepted at IOM-supported points of entry (IOM, Situation Report 26).

Source: given in each sentence; the list is at the end

Confirmed Ebola Cases by Province

Cumulative confirmed cases in the 4 most affected provinces of the Democratic Republic of the Congo, as of 3 November 2026



Source: WHO, Disease Outbreak News, 6 November 2026

Response and Funding

R08 GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE · R05 DENIAL OF SERVICES AND ACCESS

- **Treatment centres.** By mid-November 2026, close to 2,000 treatment beds were available in 104 treatment and transit centres in the Democratic Republic of the Congo, WHO and partners said (WHO, 16 November 2026).
- **Vaccines.** WHO writes that no approved vaccine or specific treatment exists for Bundibugyo virus disease; the Tumaini vaccine trial enrolled its first participants in Bunia on 23 October 2026 (WHO, Disease Outbreak News, 6 November 2026).
- **Women and girls.** In the 6 months to 13 November 2026, IRC's partners reported a 54 to 63% rise in gender-based violence cases in Bunia, Nizi and Nyankunde in Ituri, and rumours kept women away from postnatal care (IRC, 13 November 2026).
- **Funding.** IOM's multi-country Ebola preparedness and response plan, which requests US$110 million, was 45.6% funded on 8 November 2026 (IOM, Situation Report 26).

Source: given in each sentence; the list is at the end

Insecurity, Displacement and Access

R02 ATTACKS ON CIVILIANS · R15 FORCED DISPLACEMENT AND RESTRICTED MOVEMENT · R05 DENIAL OF SERVICES AND ACCESS

- **Cantine-Aloya.** An attack attributed to the ADF killed 66 civilians, 3 health workers among them, in Cantine-Aloya, Nord-Kivu, in early November 2026, and over 1,000 contacts were lost (WHO, 11 November 2026; Radio Okapi, 6 November 2026).
- **Mabalako and Beni.** 3 health centres in Mabalako, Nord-Kivu, were burned on 5 and 6 November 2026 by an armed group the source does not name, and an Ebola treatment centre in Beni was attacked (WHO via Radio Okapi, 10 November 2026).
- **Plaine Savo.** Clashes near the Plaine Savo site in Djugu, Ituri, which hosts over 76,000 displaced people, injured at least 5 civilians on 8 November 2026; OCHA named no party, and an assessment mission was suspended (OCHA, 9 November 2026).
- **Ituri.** Ituri hosted 1,011,568 internally displaced people on 31 July 2026 (IOM DTM).

Source: given in each sentence; the list is at the end

Protection and International Law

R02 ATTACKS ON CIVILIANS · R08 GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE

- **Humanitarian Coordinator.** The acting Humanitarian Coordinator, Alain Akpadji, said on 9 November 2026 that all parties must respect international humanitarian law and protect civilians in Djugu, Ituri (OCHA, 9 November 2026).
- **Attacks on health care.** Africa CDC, UNFPA, UNICEF, WFP and WHO said over 80 attacks on health care had hit the Democratic Republic of the Congo since the outbreak was declared, and urged a halt in hostilities (WHO, 16 November 2026).
- **Sexual violence.** The UN Joint Human Rights Office documented 401 victims of conflict-related sexual violence in the Democratic Republic of the Congo in the first half of 2026, mostly women and children (RFI, 5 November 2026).
- **PRISM register.** PRISM's 99 register entries on the Democratic Republic of the Congo from 12 September to 10 November 2026 recorded attacks on civilians most (43), then forced displacement (16) (PRISM protection register, 10 November 2026).

Source: given in each sentence; the list is at the end

Sources

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PRISM follows the Ebola outbreak in the Democratic Republic of the Congo: prismonitor.eu/issues